

DAILY RECORD-UNION

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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION,

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The RECORD-UNION, SUNDAY EDITION and

WEEKLY UNION are the only papers on the

Coast, outside of San Francisco, that receive

the full Associated Press dispatches from all

parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco,

they have no competitors either in influence

or in general circulation throughout the

State.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCIES.

This paper is for sale at the following places:

L. P. Fisher, room 21, Merchants' Exchange,

California street, who is also sole Agent for

San Francisco; the principal News

Stands and Hotels; the principal Market-

Street Ferry.

Also, for sale at all Trains leaving

and coming into Sacramento.

Weather Forecasts for To-Day.

California—Fair; western winds; slightly

cooler in Central California; nearly stationary

temperature elsewhere.

Oregon and Washington—Fair; northwesterly

winds; slightly warmer.

AMERICAN HONOR.

Professor N. S. Shaler, in the North American

Review for August, has a very enjoyable

paper on the sense of honor among

Americans. He takes the view that we

are not nearly so bad a people as some

would point out, and that a cool analysis

of American character will disclose that our

people are as true to their word, as faith-

ful to obligations, and as loyal to duty as

any, and in many respects that we are

superior. He is not content with mere asser-

tion, but proceeds to recite the proofs for

the theory he advances. The behavior of

the people under the stress of war, he con-

sidered a fair test of their moral strength in

politics. Under the conditions of war there

were numerous instances of bad faith among

our superior officers—as, for instance, the trea-

son of Arnold, the treacherous motives of

Charles Lee, the intriguing of Gates and

his cabal, the self-seeking and half-

hearted treachery of many others. In

fact, there was a great number of men in

that period that were untrustworthy,

though they knew they were fighting with

halting under their necks. In contrast,

the conditions and results were superior

during the civil war. The circumstances

were such as to naturally increase the ele-

ments of untrustworthiness; there were

interests at stake that divided home, du-

ties and affections; there was a divided po-

litical policy at the North, doubt and fear

everywhere, and great constitutional in-

volvement. The contestants were very

largely of divided mind as to where their

alliance was due. Yet, as a matter of

fact, there is no record of any officer of

any grade having gone over to the enemy;

and Professor Shaler declares that this

is one of the brightest laurels of our arms

that at no time were there any real untrust-

worthiness, despite quarrels, jealousies and

ambitions. Moreover, at the time in the

rebellion did our men lose confidence in the

trustworthiness of their leaders. The

soldier may have held his commander to

be a fool, and have cursed him for his dis-

like, but he never doubted the sincerity

and trustworthiness of his motives as a

leader. The disbandment of the armies

on both sides witnessed the return of the

men to their homes in that perfect good

faith and trustfulness that was nothing

less than remarkable. The Confederates

with singular unanimity obeyed the con-

a measure extended over the foremost

officials of the old time. A conspicuous

instance is cited, the case of John Han-

cock, the Treasurer of Harvard College.

He deliberately appropriated the college

funds entrusted to him as Treasurer to his

own use. In this day, if any officer of a

collegiate institution should so act, he

would meet with swift punishment, unless

he fled the country. But Hancock was

not affected by the charges he continued

in public life, filled high offices, and for

twenty years contemptuously treated the

demand of the college for his money, and

when he finally settled, did so in a cavalier

manner. On the whole, Professor Shaler,

who has been much engaged in the study

of American history, declares that while

we suffer under many ills not known to the

days of the Revolution, and while the abuse

of place for partisan ends is a burning shame

of the time, that a fair survey of our po-

litical life indicates that the trust-maintain-

ing power of our people has gained in the

first century of our national life, and that

apparent evils in our administrative sys-

tem are not due to diminution of the mea-

sure of fidelity to trust among our people.

The leader of the Third Infantry Band,

H. C. Kropf, has shared the fate of Cog-

gin, and has also been fined \$50 and dis-

honorably discharged from the service of

the State. Let all be treated alike, and

the sentence enforced. If the militia sys-

tem is worth anything, it is worth the en-

forcement of discipline.

TERRIBLE FLOODS.

Entire Town in New Jersey Submerged

Several Days Ago.

NEWARK (N. J.), July 30.—The most

disastrous storm that has visited this vic-

inity occurred this afternoon and evening

in this city. The water was flooded and

burst. Work had to be suspended in

the factories in the lower section.

A washout occurred at South Orange

and trains were delayed. In South Orange

several buildings, including the Postoffice,

were carried away, and two hundred and

fifty barrels of flour were washed out from

one storehouse.

In Orange valley the water is up to the

second story windows, and great damage

has been done to stock in numerous

factories.

People are compelled to paddle around

in order to get to a place of safety.

Bloomfield and Mount Clair also report

great damage. No lives are known to be

lost. The greatest alarm prevails around

Millburn. Above it is a reservoir dam

not regarded as safe. Should it

burst, it would overflow Millburn and other

small towns along Rahway river and the

dam would reach as far as Rahway.

At 10 o'clock to-night the dam is reported

safe, but the inhabitants of the town are

preparing to move to high ground. Nearly

every road in the country is impassable, as

all the bridges have been washed away.

PLAINFIELD (N. J.), July 30.—The

greatest flood ever known here came this

afternoon at 4 o'clock. The dam at Stony

Brook, above the Green Valley Mills, gave

way carrying with it Coddington's ice-

houses and many barns and seriously un-

dermining the dam.

At 5:30 the dam on Green Brook, in the

heart of the town, also gave way, and caused

much damage. Many wooden buildings

were carried away by 6 o'clock. The in-

crease dam at Westfield, back of the Scotch

Plains, collapsed, and an additional body

of water was poured into the town. The

Green Brook, which could not contain it,

and the water rushed across to Cedar

Brook, and thence into the finest resi-

dence portion of Plainfield.

The damage here is very great. Two or

three square miles of thickly settled ter-

ritory is being submerged. There were

many gallant rescues of life.

BLOOMFIELD (N. J.), July 30.—The

business center of the town was flooded,

and the second river dam, at Fritz Mill, has

given way, and the land for two miles is

submerged. Stores and residences are flooded,

and thousands of dollars worth of property

is destroyed.

Two lives are reported lost and many

are imprisoned in the water. The water

is rising rapidly, and the water is

rescuers are striving to save them. Men

are wading to and from the houses in the

water, sheltering with women and

WASHINGTON CULLINGS.

Washington Territory Settlers Threat-

ened by Indians.

AN IMPORTANT WOOL DECISION.

An Important Cabinet Meeting To-

Day—Another Official

Investigation.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

OFFICIAL INFORMATION.

The Treasury Department Notified of the

Rush's Action.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Treasury

Department has received a telegram from

the commander of the Black Diamond and

the boarding of the Triumphant and subse-

quent release. At the State Department

nothing has been received on the subject,

and in fact nothing is expected.

Acting Secretary Wharton stated that he

could see no reason for the matter coming

before the Department. In response to an

inquiry he said that he did not believe

that this seizure would bring about com-

plications with England, unless they

should claim exemption from investigation

and bring in a claim for damages for ves-

sels being seized.

Continuing, Wharton said: "Under the

Act of Congress and the President's pro-

clamation, the Commander of the vessel is

authorized to seize suspicious vessels and

make an examination to see if they have

been violating the laws. If the investiga-

tion discloses this, he must then take her

to a port where the Courts may try the

subject, and if found guilty the vessel

and cargo can be confiscated."

BEHIND SEA FLEET.

The Navy Department today received a

report from Lieutenant-Commander Stock-

ton, of the Thetis, giving news of the ves-

sels sent to protect the sealing interests in

Behring Sea. The vessels arrived at Ona-

laska June 17th from Sitka and on the

date of the report, June 24th, expected to

sail northward to communicate with the

Bealing fleet and to cruise in the vicinity

of Behring Straits while waiting the open-

ing of ice in the vicinity of Point Bar-

row. On June 22d the revenue cutter Bear

arrived from San Francisco. The Thetis

had arrived there on the 17th.

LO STANDS ON HIS RIGHTS.

The Devil Lake Indians Claim They

Have Been Robbed of 64,000 Acres.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Commis-

sioner of Indian Affairs received a report

announcing the refusal of the Indians on

Devil Lake Reservation in Northern Da-

kota to receive the allotments in severalty

as contemplated in the general Allotment

Act of 1876. The matter of paying the

taxes was then the greatest objection to

the allotment. They allege that they have

not been fairly dealt with by the Govern-

ment and that certain annuities were taken

from them without their consent. They

claim that the Government has made an

error in the exterior lines of the survey on

the western boundary of the reservation,

and that 64,000 acres of land were taken from

them for which they should receive pay.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs for

1887, and a claim for compensation for the loss of

the 64,000 acres was in the judgment of the

Commissioner, a just one. No action in

the matter, however, has yet been taken

by Congress.

WOOL WASTE.

Telegram From Assistant Secretary Tich-

ener to the Appraiser's Report.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Assistant Sec-

retary Tichener sent the following tele-

gram to Congressman Townsend of Ohio

today:

"The meaning and effect of the Apprai-

ser's report and the Department's decision

concerning wool waste is evidently mis-

understood. The decision is in every

respect restrictive and prevents the im-

portation of these so-called wastes."

This telegram was called forth by the

action of the National Wool Growers' As-

sociation in Columbus, which passed resolu-

tions approving the recent decisions of

the Treasury Department in relation to

broken tops and garnetted waste, and

stating that like decisions be applied to ring

waste and soiled laps, which are being im-

ported in large quantities, as they allege,

in violation of the tariff laws.

THE THETIS.

Survivors of the Little Ohio Cared for

at St. Michael's.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Secretary Tracy

has received the following dispatch from

Lieutenant-Commander Stockton, of the

Thetis, dated at St. Michael's, Alaska, July

30th, and sent from San Francisco by tele-

graph:

"The Thetis arrived at St. Michael's from

the Arctic coast, October 1888. Of

thirty-three men on board of the vessel,

eight survived."

The names of the survivors are: Edw.

Morton, William, Anton Rodriguez, James

COULD NOT TALK ENGLISH.

AT LEAST HE COULDN'T WHEN IT WAS TO HIS INTEREST NOT TO.

A Tricky Heavens Gets Badly Muddled With the Assistance of Attorney Jones.

The preliminary examination of Ah Gong, the Chinese highbinder, who is under arrest for having murdered a fellow countryman in Chinatown, was resumed before Judge Buckley yesterday.

Nearly the entire day was consumed by attorney Jones in his cross-examination of Ah Gong, the defense's witness. Tan had testified that on the night of the killing he was walking up Third street and had just reached 1, when a large Chinaman suddenly brushed past him and fired two shots at another man in front of him, who proved to be the deceased. "The man who shot," said the witness, "was not Ah Gong, the man under arrest."

The witness looked as serious and innocent as a new-born babe when he delivered himself of this startling information.

Mr. Jones, for the prosecution, held a whispered conversation with several relatives of the murdered man, and then, turning to the witness, said:

"You are a relative of the prisoner, are you not?"

The witness serene expression vanished instantly. He looked extremely worried, and finally, after much hesitating and hawing, he replied in the affirmative.

"Ah, I thought so," said Mr. Jones, with an immense smile of satisfaction. He then proceeded to bombard the witness with such a length of questions that the poor heathen was soon soaked with perspiration. The testimony of Jones was taken through an interpreter, and this was in the witness' favor, as it gave him time to exchange glances with his friends before answering the questions. But finally, in his excitement, he forgot himself and answered one of Mr. Jones' questions in English before the interpreter had a chance to repeat the question.

"Ah," said Mr. Jones, clapping his hands. "I thought you could talk English all along, and was waiting for you to give yourself away. Now just go ahead, please, and tell us all about it in English, so we can understand better."

The witness began to exhibit premonitions of apoplexy, his face was red with a glass of water. "No, no, no," said he in great confusion.

"Oh, yes, you can; you're talking it now," said Mr. Jones.

"No, no, no," said the witness, who had been talking in English, and to remedy matters closed his mouth with a smack, and only exhibited a blank expressionless countenance in answer to all subsequent questions in English.

Mr. Jones appealed to the Court, but the latter's order only met with the same cold stare.

Finally the interpreter had to be called into service again, and the examination proceeded wearily until recess.

In the afternoon Tan was put upon the rack again. The fresh supply of confidence and instructions which he carried with him during the lunch hour soon deserted him under Mr. Jones' fire, and he became confused again. He was asked to testify during the shooting he did not know who he was. He also testified to the fact that he was standing on the street when the shooting commenced. But when asked to account for this discrepancy, he reproduced that convenient blank stare.

The witness was finally excused from the stand, and another was about to be called, when Major Anderson, attorney for the defense, produced a miniature thermometer which he carried in his inside vest pocket, and showing it to his Honor, requested an adjournment, on the ground that it was too warm for further procedure in matters requiring great intellectual strain.

His Honor, perceiving that the Major's thermometer indicated something like 200°, suddenly granted the attorney's request, and adjourned Court until to-morrow.

NOT SOUND YET.

A Deluge from the Tank Interrupts Process of Painting.

The brightness imparted to the old Police Court-room by its new dress of wall paper, varnish and paint was not doomed to last long. Work had only been in session a few moments yesterday when a soft trickling sound in the west hall attracted the attention of the Court officials and spectators. A little later, a deluge of water appeared on the new papering, and the "trickling" increased in such volume that it was now plainly visible.

About half past five the water, which had been present since the building, and Judge Buckley took a very serious look.

The link from the big tank on the roof kept increasing until finally it was pouring into the Court-room in a solid stream.

Buckley, seeing the water, and fearing a flood, and his Honor engaged in an earnest conversation with Clerk Larkin regarding the advisability of moving to the old den on Second street.

The Unseen Enemy.

On Monday evening party of gentlemen enjoyed a ride up the river in the little propeller launch Curlew. They encountered some bathers along the stream, and at one point where the craft passed near to the bank a swimmer made a leap into the water, just in the rear, and grabbed the stern, with the result of being towed along. But he had not taken into account the fact that the launch's propeller was churning away like a water wheel, and when it struck him amidships, as it were, he quit in a more demoralized condition than Kilauea was in when Sullivan jumped on him. He was fortunate in not being cut in two.

He Wants His Doughnut Now.

Sheriff McCullen yesterday served on State Controller Dunn a writ of mandate signed by W. H. Beatty, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, directing the Controller to draw his warrant in favor of A. H. Washburn, for the Yosemite Stage and Turnpike Company, for the sum of \$6,000, in accordance with an Act of the Legislature making an appropriation of money for the purpose of purchasing certain roads within the limits of the Yosemite grant.

Once the Controller refused to comply with the terms of the writ he is cited to appear before the Supreme Court on the 9th day of August and show cause therefor.

Protection from Fire.

Secretary of State Hendricks is having eight fire hose connections placed inside the State Capitol building, two on each floor. The hose is one and one-half inches in diameter, and each reel contains 100 feet. On the first floor one is located at the north end of the building, by the door of the State Printer's office, and another by the door of the Governor's office. Those on the upper floors will be similarly located. A good pressure of water is obtained from a tank at the roof of the building, seventy feet above the floor.

To-Day's Auction Sale.

The personal property of the late Peter Chatterton will be sold at auction at 10 o'clock to-day by Bell & Co., at their salesroom, 927 K street. It includes a fine young rooster that can trot under 2-40, harness, buggy, carpenter's tools, breech-loading shotgun, safe, etc.

The furniture of two residences will also be sold at the same time.

On to-morrow the same firm will sell at auction, at 10 A. M., all the furniture of fifteen rooms at 928 Third street, between I and J, which is nearly new.

A Cool Wave Coming South.

The highest Signal Service temperature yesterday was as follows for the places named: Olympia, 78°; Walla Walla, 72°; Spokane Falls, 58°; Fort Canby, 62°; Portland, 52°; Roseburg, 54°; Eureka, 58°; Red Bluff, 116°; and Sacramento, 104°.

MATHER'S PIANOS the best. Indorsed by artists. Cooper's music store.

Buy the Keystone dust-proof watch. Best in the world; \$1 per week. 829 J st.

BISHOP MANOQUE.

His Flock to Tender Him a Handsome Reception at an Early Date.

Among the gentlemen connected with the Catholic Church in this city a movement is on foot to recognize in some manner the advent of Bishop Manoque, and to show their appreciation of his efforts in erecting such a splendid edifice of worship as the new cathedral of the Most Holy Sacrament. They feel that the structure is an honor to its founder and a credit to the city, and naturally they feel grateful to the man who, almost at his own expense, erected such a magnificent temple.

Some fifteen or twenty gentlemen met at the Windsor Hotel last evening to discuss the matter and bring the movement to a head. They decided that the movement should be made in a hearty greeting from the entire congregation, and not the action of a few. The idea is to give a grand banquet to the bishop on the night of his arrival, and to have a large number of State and City officers and prominent citizens. All will meet on a social level, where they can express their sentiments in a fitting manner, and as it is to be a purely unofficial affair, and snare offering, it is believed that the Bishop cannot refuse to accept it. A formal invitation was ordered sent to Bishop Manoque last evening, and as soon as it is ascertained that it will be agreeable to him, full arrangements will be made and the date set.

HOT WHISKERS.

The Mystery Surrounding the Western Hotel Fire Cleared Up.

"Owen Morgan, charged with arson," shouted Clerk Larkin in the Police Court yesterday morning.

The next instant the eyes of the spectators were nearly blinded by the pyrotechnic display that shot up from the prisoners' dock. But when their eyes became accustomed to the unusual brilliancy which pervaded the otherwise dingy room, they discovered the cause of the display.

Whiskers of the same luminous and red tendency also appeared to view.

"What's your party, hot or not?" inquired Clerk Larkin, shading his eyes with his hand.

"Not hot," said the defendant, who was neither the prosecution nor defense were ready to proceed, so the case was continued until 10 o'clock.

The Judge first, that the prisoner was the man who had set fire to the bed in which he was sleeping in the Western hotel, Monday night.

"Hist!" said Bob Stafford to a brother policeman, as he of the luminous head and whiskers disappeared behind the bars, and the court-room resumed its wonted darkness. "It's easy seen" how that bed got afire. Golly! what whiskers!"

CHRIS. WEISSEL'S OFFENSE.

It Was Committed Under a Misunderstanding. So It Was Dismissed.

When the case of Chris. Weissel, charged with violating the alcohol ordinance, was called in the Police Court yesterday, City Attorney Church moved to dismiss the matter, on the ground that the offense was committed with no criminal intent.

Weissel, he said, had repaired his sidewalk under a misunderstanding—believing that the permission given him by the Street Commissioner, to lay down his sidewalk, was sufficient to permit him to proceed with the repair work under the circumstances, it would be useless to try the case, as it would be impossible to show that he was guilty of a crime.

Attorney Matt. F. Johnson stated, for the information of the Court and Mr. Church, that the Board of Trustees had passed an order setting forth these facts and requesting Mr. Weissel's dismissal.

Mr. Church, however, promptly announced to the Court that he was not taking the Trustees into consideration at all in the case. He was simply asking for a dismissal, because he knew a conviction could not be secured.

Judge Buckley agreed with the City Attorney that the case should be dismissed, on the ground that the facts were presented, and made an order dismissing the complaint.

THE NEW SCHOOLHOUSE.

E. A. Boyer Contracts to Have It Finished by the 1st of October.

A special meeting of the City Board of Education was held yesterday for the purpose of taking action on the bids for the erection of the new school building at Twenty-first and I streets.

The two lowest bidders were the Siller Bros. (\$97,622) and James Schneider (\$97,576). Both declined the contract if the Board insisted that the work be completed by the 1st of October, as they could not get timber of a certain kind in time.

The next lowest bidder was Thomas E. Boyer, who bid \$102,595, and offered to take the contract and complete the work within the specified time.

The Board of Education, after a long discussion, decided to award the contract to Mr. Boyer, and he was awarded the contract accordingly, with the condition that he should forfeit \$25 a day for each day the work remained unfinished after the 1st of October.

The Board ordered 320 desks from the Bancroft Company, under its contract, after which it adjourned.

Pictures of Orange Vale.

There has just been issued from H. S. Crocker & Co.'s a handsome lithograph map of Orange Vale, showing the wonderful improvement which has taken place in this delightful place, located on the American river just opposite the town of Folsom.

The map and the pictures surrounding it, show the growth of the place, and the color, the whole constituting an exceedingly beautiful and artistic piece of work.

The map, in the foreground, shows the view of Folsom from Orange Vale, and the Orange Vale tract from the river, taken on the ground, including views in the orange groves and peach orchards, a view of Folsom from Orange Vale, and the suspension bridge across the American river.

"Full as a Goose."

When the case of the People against John Flicker, the saloon-keeper charged with allowing the use of the saloon for use to frequent his place, was called in Justice Henry's Court yesterday, Mr. Flicker failed to show up, and Deputy Constable Frank Swift, Jr., was sent after him.

Once the Controller refused to comply with the terms of the writ he is cited to appear before the Supreme Court on the 9th day of August and show cause therefor.

Rate Taxpayers.

"Hot was the day, but hotter still" the words of the Court-house yesterday, making inquiries for the Assessor, and especially for the deputy that collected poll taxes at the railroad shops. They declared they had paid the poll taxes once, and now find that three dollars more had been retained from the wages of each to pay the taxes over again, with a dollar penalty. There is no doubt about the Assessor's office, and the men in vain sought satisfaction at other departments.

An Insolvent Debtor.

A. J. Danis yesterday filed in the Superior Court a petition in insolvency. His schedule of debts includes all manner of store accounts, and totals up \$3,824.08. He has a homestead, valued at \$5,000, and mortgaged for \$3,300, and \$15,000 of personal property exempt from execution.

Lively Canning Work.

Yesterday the Sacramento Packing and Drying Company had 265 women, boys and girls employed in canning fruit. The result of the day's work was 15,000 cans of peaches and pears.

The many wonderful cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla, when other medicines had failed, is sufficient proof that this preparation possesses peculiar and superior curative powers.

This country is flooded with poor imitations of the famous "Sarsaparilla" of John C. Hood.

WHAT THEY SAY.

Talks With Several of the Baseball Directors About the Situation.

The release of Lang, the Manager of the Sacramento Union, created no end of gossip about town, and in baseball circles there is an uproar. The Directors are all quarreling among themselves, and those who espoused Lang's cause are only too willing to throw up the whole business.

In fact, the club is undoubtedly in a bad way, and the fact that it is the tail-end of the League makes matters worse, and with little hope of bettering the condition.

Director Marshall was seen yesterday, and remarked that he knew nothing of the matter until he read the Record-Union, when the announcement of Lang's dismissal almost paralyzed him.

"Are you willing to sell your stock?" asked the reporter.

"Sell it? Why just get me an offer and see how quick I'll deal to get out of it."

Continuing, Marshall said the club had been managed all right under Lang, and it was just splitting up the whole combination to put out a man that has been more successful than any one else.

While the conversation was going on, T. T. Wessman, another of the Directors, came up, and said that he, too, did not know a word about the action of the Directors until he had seen the published account of the meeting.

Something will have to be done to even up matters. At the meeting the other evening, an assessment of \$2 was called for from each Director. However, after other settlements had been made, the amount was decreased to \$2.50 per man, but they consider too much to put out every month, and claim that the club ought to run it on its own merits.

That is about the way the matter stands.

Director Gamble, the Secretary of the club, says he had not the least idea that anything would come up at the meeting in regard to Manager. Charles Scriber, he said, would not be the real Manager, but that Knight, of Holbrook, and the Sien-son, firm was to be the power behind the throne. "We haven't got money enough to pay the men, and there is probably fun ahead," said Gamble.

Lang appears happy, and says he doesn't know of one good reason the opposing Directors are for dismissing him. However, he did not care, and would just as soon have the whole thing off his hands.

W. F. Peterson, one of the Directors who voted to oust Lang, says his reason for so acting was a good one, as he did not consider Lang able to manage the club.

He said he had other reasons, but did not wish to state what they were.

Mr. Lang was seen again last evening, and announced positively that he would have nothing more to do with the club.

"I wanted to make a kick," said he, "but I have no more to say now. I will resign, by the way, that I have been offered \$1,000 to buy up all the stock in the club and run it myself, and the offer was made by a prominent corporation in this city, to whose interests it would be to keep up the ball."

My intention, had I remained as Manager, to sell Fairbairn right away, as I could get him cheap, and he is a good player."

The popular expression is that Lang had made a good Manager, and that he had been successful with his club, evidenced by the percentage of games won and lost.

It remains to be seen how the new Manager will do. His friends claim that he will prove equal to the emergency, and that the team will go on playing as good ball as if nothing had happened.

TOM WAS GENEROUS.

He Was Not Guilty, but Wanted to Help the City Out.

Tom Dunn, a teamster, was an occupant of the prisoners' dock in the Police Court yesterday.

When informed by Clerk Larkin that he was charged with having committed battery on a Chinaman, Tom said he guessed it was all right—he didn't remember much about it—and he was willing to plead guilty.

At this juncture, however, Tom's employer appeared in Court and stated that the teamster's services were needed at his (the employer's) place, and he was discharged.

"How is that?" the prisoner pleads guilty," said Judge Buckley.

The gentleman then stated that Tom was sitting quietly on the edge of the sidewalk, and was looking at the people who were passing by.

He was looking at the people who were passing by, and was looking at the people who were passing by, and was looking at the people who were passing by.

"Well, if that's the case, the prisoner is not guilty," said his Honor.

"Oh, that's all right," said Tom, "I was just looking at the people who were passing by, and was looking at the people who were passing by, and was looking at the people who were passing by."

His Honor laughed at Tom's generosity, and obligingly ordered \$2.50 into the city's coffers.

AMUSEMENTS.

At the Clunie Opera House, Friday and Saturday next, Duncan B. Harrison's picturesque military comedy-drama, "The Paymaster," will be played. There will be brought here for the purpose of scenic scenery of a flowing stream, and a pool of 25,000 cubic feet of water, in which the heroine is cast and from which she rescues her lover.

Of course, the play was given here last year with much success, and the new drama has been much improved since then, and it is presented in a more perfect manner.

The Denver press bears the same testimony, the News adding: "The play is a masterpiece of scenic art, and the scenery is a masterpiece of scenic art, and the scenery is a masterpiece of scenic art."

As recalled by memory of 1887, the play is a clean one, with many men and womanly women as its leaders.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Armstrong, Judge. Tuesday, July 31, 1889.

M. J. Dillman vs. R. H. Hawley—Decree entered quieting title to property in dispute.

Department Two—Van Fleet, Judge. Tuesday, July 31, 1889.

Byron L. Castle vs. George A. Warner—Judgment for plaintiff.

Independent Real Men.

The many-elected officers of the Grand Stamen, Independent Order of Red Men, were installed last evening, after which the members of the Grand Stamen were entertained at a grand banquet by Sacramento Stamen.

A WORD OF CAUTION.

In this era of local loyalty where it is known, there are hundreds who are taking to the streets, and in the cases of every ten it is affecting sympathy.

Word comes to us occasionally of people who report that it operates too freely upon the bowels. We want to say to those who are not following the printed instructions and are taking too much of it. If it acts too freely reduce the dose, never taking any more than the cause easy and perfect.

Keep this in mind, and take it regularly for a while and do not indulge in too much greasy food, and we will have your bowels in a fortnight. If taken under these conditions it is an absolute cure for indigestion, dyspepsia, sick headaches, constipation, face eruptions and liver and kidney disorders. It may be asked how it can possibly cure so many ailments. But the reason is clear. All those troubles are the legitimate result of improper liver and kidney action or impaired digestive organs. Its effects upon these functions are an astonishing to the medical fraternity as to the thousands who are daily taking it.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Goodwood meeting, Edward's cup, the fourth of a mile, was won by Castoria, by Dox Ross, Ample second, Noble Chief third.

For throat diseases and coughs, Brown's Bronchial Troches, like all other really good things, are limited, and purchased by the thousands for the genuine article should be careful to obtain the genuine article prepared by John I. Brown & Sons.

BRIEF NOTES.

The river marked 8 feet 3 inches last evening.

There will be a meeting of the Directors of the baseball club this evening.

Fifteenth street, from L to N, is being graded and the gutters are being paved.

The Board of Trustees of the State Normal School at Chico met to-day at 2 P. M.

The Golden Gate Fruit Association last night dispatched nine carloads of fruit for the East.

The milk-shakers and ice cream vendors have been enjoying three days of unalloyed happiness.

Thirteen carloads of fruit were shipped for the East last night by the California Fruit Union.

A dime social will be given this evening by the young ladies of the Christian Church on Eighth street, between N and O.

It is said that there were some rather lively evening scenes in the neighborhood of Fourth and P streets last evening.

The steamer Relief came up from San Francisco yesterday, having in tow a barge loaded with lumber for Friend & Terry.

Franklin, getting a number of young gentlemen and young ladies out last evening enjoying horseback rides through the city.

At midnight last night there was a cool and delightful breeze coming up from the southeast, which inspired the hope that the so-called hot wave had rolled past.

Articles of incorporation of the German Evangelical Lutheran St. Johannes Congregation of San Francisco were filed in the Secretary of State's office yesterday.

A Chinese domestic employed on H street created a sensation, might before last by discharging a pistol out of his window. He thought he heard a burglar in the house.

Bull & Grant, of this city, shipped yesterday to Stockton four spring wagons for the use of a United States surveying party, which starts to-day on a survey of the Tuolumne, Kings, Sacramento and American rivers, also Lake Tahoe.

A few nights ago a burglar entered the residence of Alonzo Broughton, at Eighth and C streets, and stole two gold watches, a silver watch and a bracelet. One of the gold watches was afterward found where the fellow dropped it in making his escape.

The highest and lowest Signal Service temperatures yesterday were 104° and 64° while for the same date last year it was 80° and 52°. The highest and lowest one year ago to-day were 78° and 53°. The temperature at 5 A. M. yesterday was 64°, and at 5 P. M. 104°.

The following settlements were made with the State Treasury yesterday: Contra Costa county, \$11,185.65; General McComb, as receipts of prison during past year, \$37,086.83; General McComb, for sale of lot goods, \$4,800; Fish Commissioners, for sale of license, \$800.

It is quite evident, from the kind of creatures that the police are being called upon to arrest these days, that there has been a descent of evil angels upon the town.

From now until after the State Fair the public may look for robberies, burglaries and crimes of various degrees.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

N. D. Rideout was in the city yesterday. John Gerber left for Montague, Siskiyou County, Oregon.

Senator B. F. Langford, of San Joaquin, is stopping at the Capital Hotel.

T. P. Pueris, Principal of the Chico Normal School, was in town yesterday.

Messrs. Lela and L. A. Fisher, of this city, are in the city yesterday.

General W. H. Brown was in the city yesterday, but left for El Dorado county.

J. M. Stephenson, the well-known farmer of Frank, Pa., was in the city yesterday.

Colonel William Hawkins, of Chico, was among the visitors in town yesterday.

Mrs. Dr. F. F. Thompson, George Gale and wife have returned from Bartlett Springs.

Messrs. Bertha Lehman, of this city, is visiting the family of James Stafford in Marysville.

L. F. Moulton, the Colusa farmer, and Judge Loh, of Oroville, were in the city yesterday.

Mrs. J. C. Stroger, of this city, has returned from an extended trip to relatives in El Dorado county.

Mrs. L. A. Upson and family left yesterday for Pacific Grove, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. J. C. Stroger, of this city, has returned from an extended trip to relatives in El Dorado county.

Mrs. Clara Byrne and son Clayton and Mrs. Hattie Gardner leave for their mountain home in El Dorado county to-day.

Messrs. Litzberg and family and Miss Ida Ginsburg will leave to-day for a six weeks' visit to the coast.

State Superintendent Holt came up from the Normal school at Chico.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: J. M. Stephenson, the well-known farmer of Frank, Pa.; L. F. Moulton, the Colusa farmer, and Judge Loh, of Oroville, were in the city yesterday.

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